

What Parents Need to **CHOC** Know About Cardia Neurodevelopment **Know About Cardiac**

Alexander Tan, Ph.D., ABPP-CN



Cardiac Neurodevelopmental **Outcome Collaborative**



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The latest research on neurodevelopmental outcomes of highrisk CHD 02

Best-practice clinical recommendations for monitoring and evaluation by the AHA 03

How you can support CNOC in its mission to optimize outcomes for all children



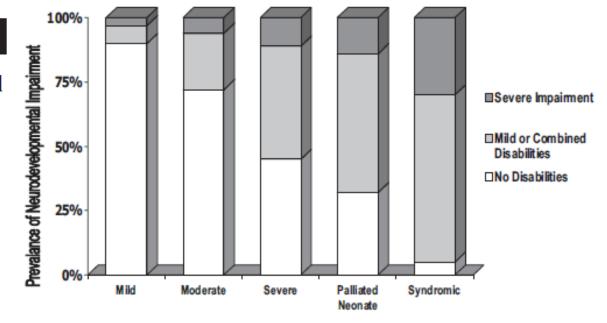
AHA Scientific Statement

Neurodevelopmental Outcomes in Children With Congenital Heart Disease: Evaluation and Management

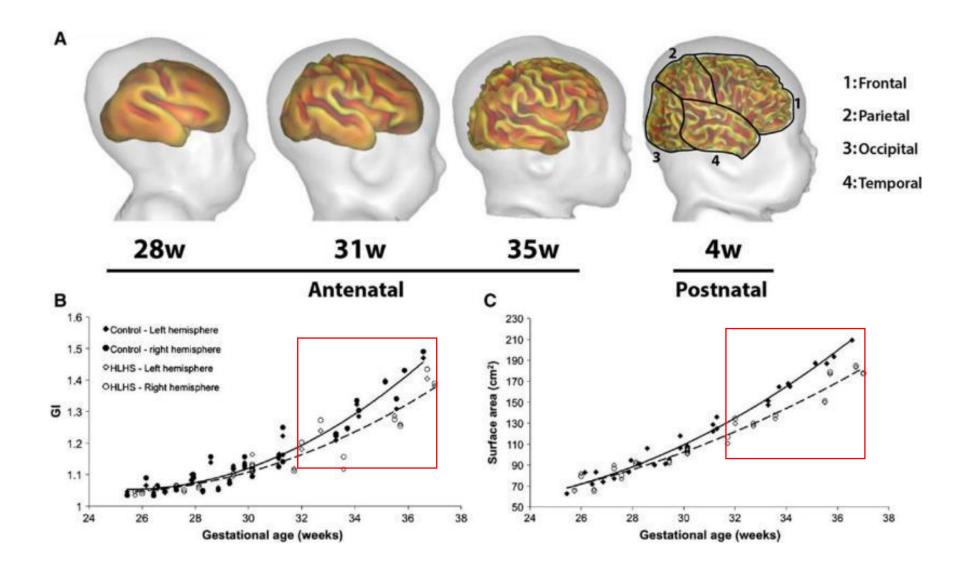
A Scientific Statement From the American Heart Association

This statement has been approved by the American Academy of Pediatrics.

Bradley S. Marino, MD, MPP, MSCE, FAHA, Co-Chair; Paul H. Lipkin, MD; Jane W. Newburger, MD, MPH, FAHA; Georgina Peacock, MD, MPH; Marsha Gerdes, PhD; J. William Gaynor, MD; Kathleen A. Mussatto, PhD, RN; Karen Uzark, PhD, CNP, FAHA; Caren S. Goldberg, MD, MS; Walter H. Johnson, Jr, MD; Jennifer Li, MD; Sabrina E. Smith, MD, PhD; David C. Bellinger, PhD; William T. Mahle, MD, FAHA, Co-Chair; on behalf of the American Heart Association Congenital Heart Defects Committee of the Council on Cardiovascular Disease in the Young, Council on Cardiovascular Nursing, and Stroke Council



Complexity of Congenital Heart Disease



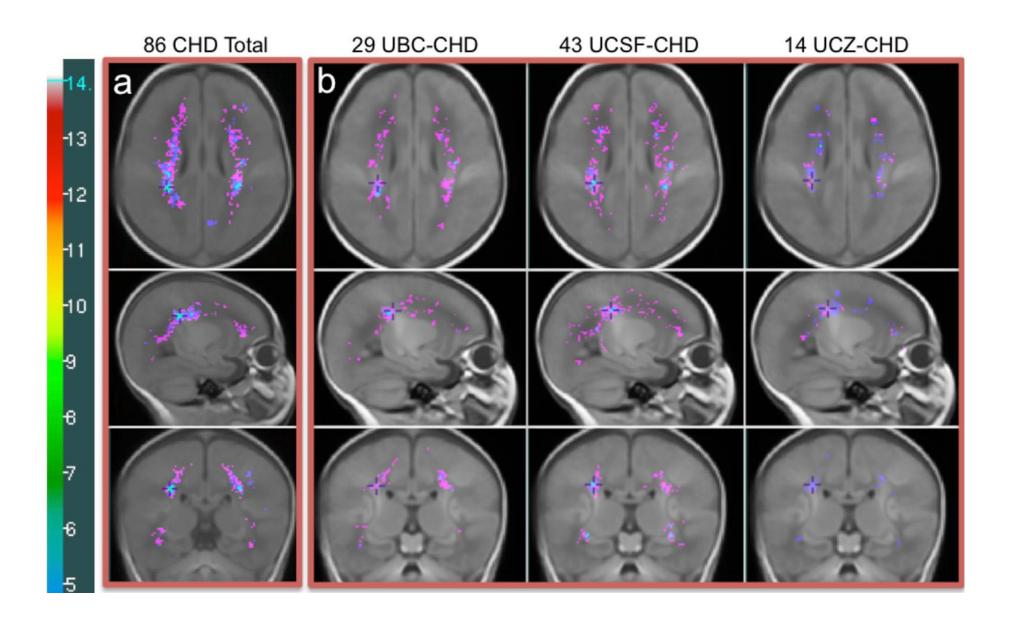


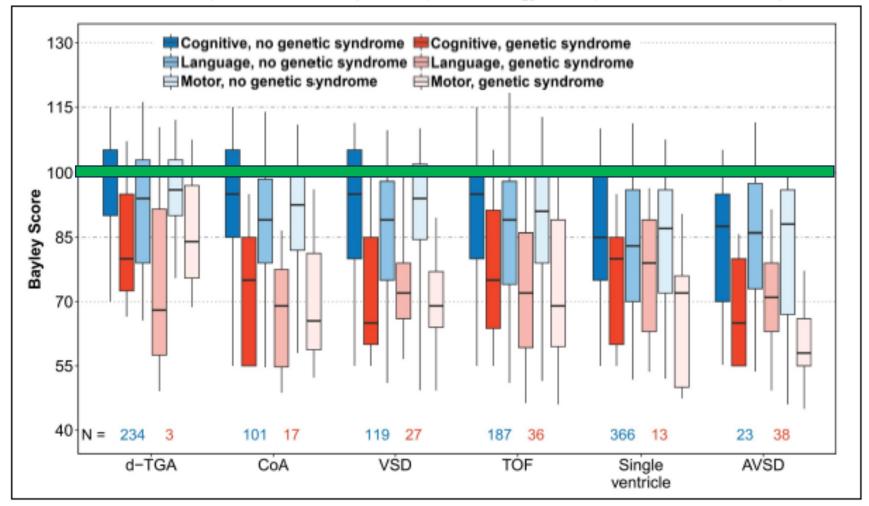


Table 1 Risk factors for neurodeve	lopmental concerns in the congenital heart disease population
Timeframe	Risk Factors for Neurodevelopmental Concerns
Prenatal	Genetic predisposition to CHD Genetic abnormalities and syndromes Impaired <i>in-utero</i> hemodynamics Placental abnormalities
Neonatal transition	Prematurity (<37 weeks) Neonatal transition Acidosis and hypoxemia
Cardiac intervention	Exposure to CPB and DHCA Use of ECMO and VAD Use of volatile anesthetics
Postoperative recovery	Unstable hemodynamics and AP shunt steal History of cardiopulmonary resuscitation Prolonged hospitalization (>2 weeks) Perioperative seizures Psychological stress (separation from family; medical trauma)
Across the lifespan	Long-term cyanosis (with or without cardiac surgery) Neuroimaging abnormalities Microcephaly (<2 standard deviations) Repeated hospitalizations, operations, and catheterizations End-organ injury (ie, liver, kidneys) Need for heart transplant Pacemaker or ICD placement

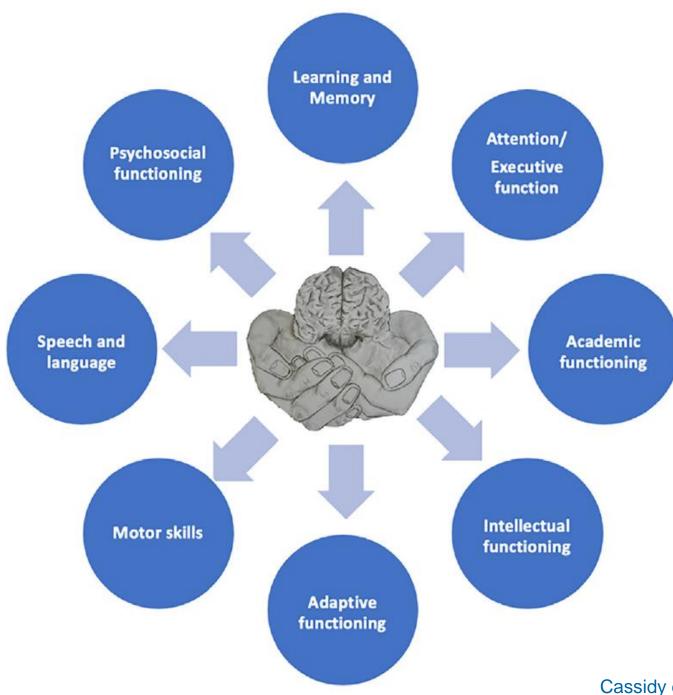


ssessments in 1249 patients across 27 centres

Figure 2: Diagnosis. BSID standard scores by cardiac diagnostic group. Within each cardiac diagnostic group, sample sizes are presented for assessments from subjects with and without genetic syndrome. D-TGA = dextrotrasposition of the great arteries, CoA = coarctation of the aorta, VSD = ventricular septal defect, TOF = tetralogy of Fallot, AVSD = atrioventricular septal defect







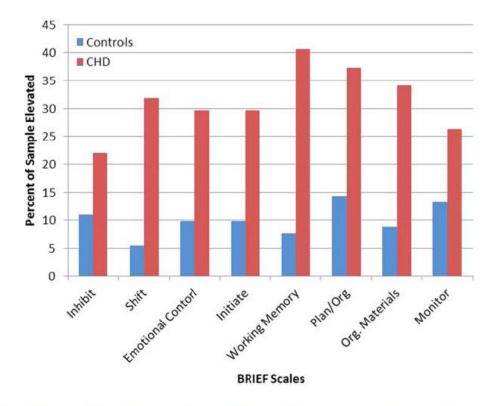
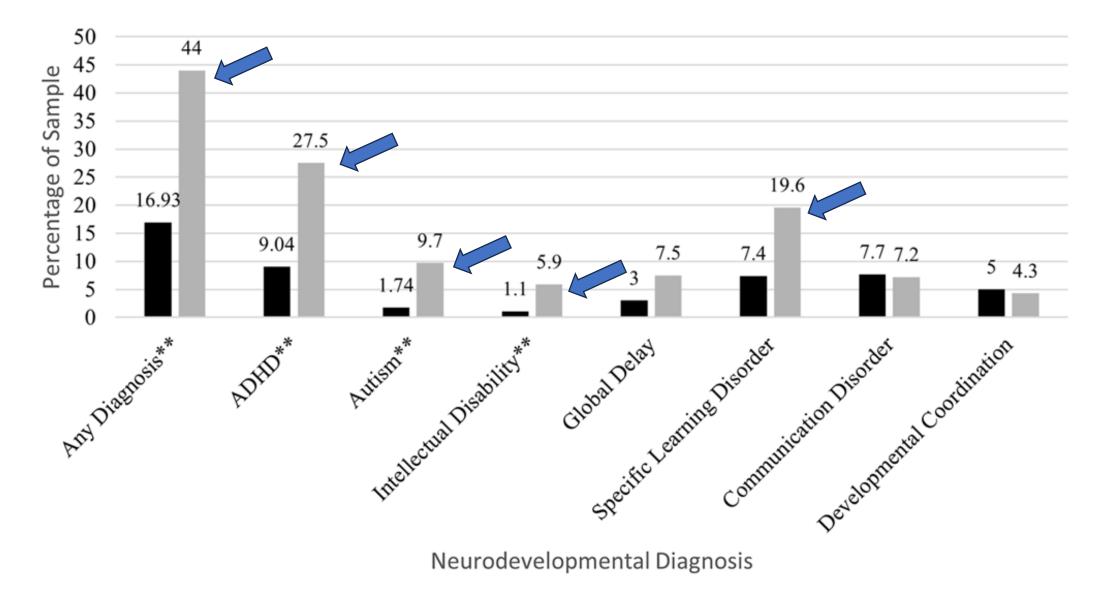


FIGURE 1 Prevalence of executive dysfunction: percent of the sample reporting clinically significant elevations ($T \text{ score} \ge 65$) on the BRIEF.

Cassidy et al., 2018; Patel et al., 2023; Sanz et al., 2016; Tan et al., 2022 8



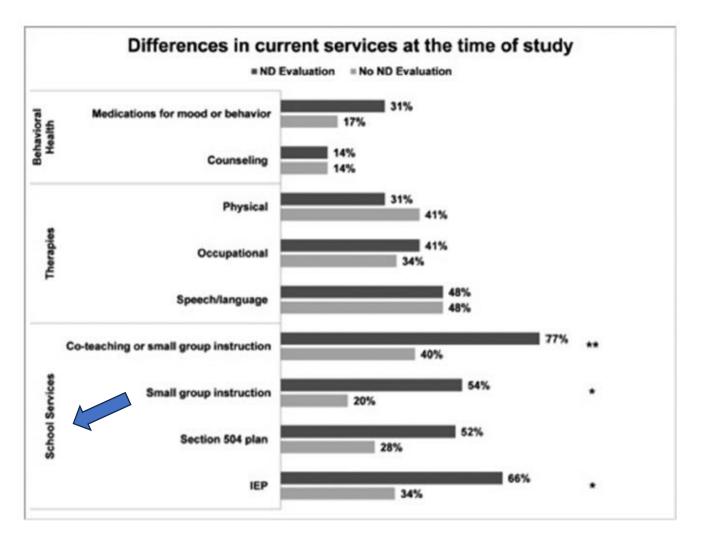
■ General Population \blacksquare CHD



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Table 3.Third-Grade Educational Outcomes foCongenital Heart Defects Versus Children WithoStructural Birth Defect

	No Structural Birth Defects (ref)	Congenital Heart Defect
End-of-grade tests:	does not meet stan	dards
Reading	n=6302; 31.3%	n=2780; 39.9%
Math	n=6326; 21.1%	n=2798; 25.5%
Either	n=6341; 37.5%	n=2803; 44.6%
Both	n=6287; 14.8%	n=2775; 20.8%
Third-grade retention	n=6341; 2.0%	n=2803; 2.8%
Receipt of exceptional services	n=6341; 12.5%	n=2803; 20.5%





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TABLE 3 K-SADS-PL Psychiatric Diagnoses of Adolescents With Sin

Psychiatric Diagnosis

All (*n* = 156)

_	Lifetime	Current
Any psychiatric disorder ^a	102 (65)**	71 (46)**
Anxiety disorders	55 (35)**	35 (22)*
Separation anxiety disorder	18 (12)*	11 (7)
Simple phobia	11 (7)	6 (4)
Social phobia/avoidant disorder	26 (17)**	13 (8)*
Generalized anxiety disorder	10 (6)	10 (6)
Panic disorder ^b	2 (1)	2 (1)
Obsessive-compulsive disorder ^b	5 (3)	2 (1)
Posttraumatic stress disorder ^b	1 (1)	0
Adjustment disorder with anxious mood ^b	2 (1)	1 (1)
Aood disorders	20 (13)	6 (4)
Major depressive disorder	8 (5)	2 (1)
Adjustment disorder with depressed mood	8 (5)	0
Dysthymia ^b	4 (3)	3 (2)
Depressive disorder NOS ^b	1 (1)	1 (1)



AHA SCIENTIFIC STATEMENT

Neurodevelopmental Outcomes for Individuals With Congenital Heart Disease: Updates in Neuroprotection, Risk-Stratification, Evaluation, and Management: A Scientific Statement From the American Heart Association

Endorsed by the Cardiac Neurodevelopmental Outcome Collaborative

Erica Sood, PhD, Vice Chair; Jane W. Newburger, MD, MPH, FAHA; Julia S. Anixt, MD; Adam R. Cassidy, PhD, ABPP; Jamie L. Jackson, PhD; Richard A. Jonas, MD; Amy J. Lisanti, PhD, RN, CCNS, FAHA; Keila N. Lopez, MD, MPH; Shabnam Peyvandi, MD, MAS, FAHA; Bradley S. Marino, MD, MPP, MSCE, MBA, FAHA, Chair; on behalf of the American Heart Association Council on Lifelong Congenital Heart Disease and Heart Health in the Young and the Council on Cardiovascular and Stroke Nursing

12-24 months

hs 3-5 years

11-12 years

Evaluation

Screening

Effects of Implementing a Standardized Surveillance Program on Cardiac Neurodevelopmental Program Referral Completion

Heather Hennrick¹ · Elizabeth Miller² · Wyman W. Lai^{2,3} · Viannae Carmona Nelkin¹ · Ana-Mercedes Flores¹ · Marissa Olson² · Dianne Kong¹ · Alexander Tan^{1,2}

Items

1. Have you been told or were you concerned that your child was behind in learning to talk or walk?

- 2. Do you feel that your child has trouble with focusing or remembering things?
- 3. Are you or your child's teacher concerned about your child's ability to learn or their grades?
- 4. Are you concerned about your child's emotions or behaviors?
- 5. Would you like your child to be monitored for future problems?
- 6. Would you like your child to be considered for a Cardiac Neurodevelopmental Clinic evaluation?



Clinical Interview

Test Administration

Feedback and Recommendations

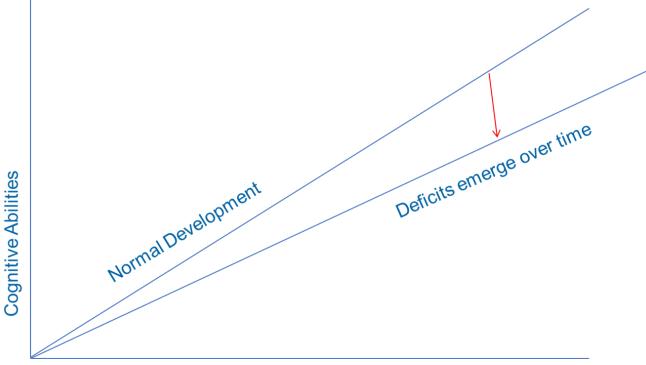
Comprehensive Report







- Provide a cognitive profile of strengths and weaknesses
- Assess brain integrity
- Identify relevant diagnoses
- Orient the family toward appropriate
 intervention
- Monitor change in performance over time



Age 0-18 years



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New surveillance program for congenital heart disease patients yields vast improvements in neurodevelopmental care

> Published on: September 29, 2022 Last updated: September 29, 2022

The Cardiac Neurodevelopmental Clinic (CNC) at CHOC's Heart Institute is helping patients like Grace make vast improvements with their neurodevelopment.



Surveillance program for patients with congenital heart disease a success

> Published on: June 10, 2024 Last updated: October 8, 2024

In novel program, congenital heart disease patients are being monitored at CHOC for longtime success.







Cardiac Neurodevelopmental Outcome Collaborative

"The Cardiac Neurodevelopmental Outcome Collaborative was founded in 2016; its mission is to determine and implement best practices of neurodevelopmental and psychosocial services for individuals with paediatric and congenital heart disease and their families through clinical, quality improvement, and research initiatives."









Patients and Family Members

LEARN MORE



RESEARCH Latest in Cardiac Neurodevelopment



CLINICAL REGISTRY All About the Heart-Brain Connection



PATIENTS AND FAMILIES What to Know and How to Get Involved



SCIENTIFIC SESSIONS CNOC's Annual Conference



EDUCATIONAL WEBINARS Learning as a Community



SPECIAL INTEREST GROUPS Making Progress Together



STANDING COMMITTEES



ADVOCACY COMMITTEE



COMMUNICATIONS



COMMUNITY OUTREACH



DATABASE AND IMPLEMENTATION



FINANCE COMMITTEE



DIVERSITY, EQUITY AND INCLUSION



LEARNING AND RESOURCE



PROGRAM AND MEETINGS



PUBLICATIONS





RESEARCH



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